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CE POLICE PLOT ON STRIK

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

No doubt the readers of The DAILY WORKER will welcome a rest from my exhortations for a day. And here comes the relief. A laborer in the proletarian vineyard who attended the Streator convention thought he would throw me off the McPherson case for a while and lead this column on the road to higher and better things. As a thesis on the Streator convention I recommend it to research workers and others who are compelled to explain current phenomena:

It really is too bad you didn't attend the Illinois State Federation of La-bor convention. You see I feel that intellectuals like US need a close conintellectuals like US need a close contact with the aims and aspirations of labor and see as often as we can at close range its devotion to the cause of the world's masses. I think we need to be stimulated now and then to spur us on in this noble struggle with labor's banner afloat. And since you could not be there, let me pass on to you a few impressions. Second-handed as they may be, perhaps you can catch the inspiration anyhow.

POOR Mr. Olander and Mr. Walker P certainly are wasting away to a mere 300 pounds each in their terrific mere 300 pounds each in their terrific struggle for labor. It is certain that the rank and file of delegates do not fully appreciate the devotion of these two stailwart leaders—since they only increased their ealary \$1,500 this year of prosperity. How they will manage on their wages of \$6,500 I shadder to think. Of course there is their expense accounts but they only take care of the cost of their living. The one thing, however, that pleased me most was that the announcement of the salary increase was the only occasion for a genuine outburst of appliance throughout the whole convention. So in their own way, you see, the delegates really do want the right thing done,

AND the way the leadership came to And the way the leadership came to the rescue of humanity and our sacred institutions in a combat with Communism was most encouraging. Would you believe that there were actually two delegates there who admitted Communist amiliation or at least on obvious amiliation or at least an obvious sympathy with it?
But the way they were put in their place by the heads of labor was a most inspiring indication of the future of labor under their stewardship.

THINK Mr. Walker's report is a masterpiece also. Such a scholar ly discourse on the most interesting subjects. All about education and our public libraries and other heavy sub ect matter not to mention a most interesting correspondence between Mr. Walker and Senator Caraway who it ems entertained a most erroneous idea that had to do with our labor leaders accepting money from the discredited Mr. Smith. Really I thing Walker is quite right, it is pre posterous that our congressmen are permitted to make such ridiculous statements. Naturally it must detract our leaders from their heavy work of organizing the workers into trade

A ND about organizing. The convenwas hardly mentioned. Or was hardly mentioned. Or will be obvious to you that the omission was mearly a trick—not to inform the enemy of our plans. The truth is that there was hardly any sign attached to the convention in any sign attached to the conve most thotful tact. Really the subject was hardly mentioned. Of course it will be obvious to you that the omissign attached to the convention in any way that would indicate it to be a labor meeting. Which believe me is some tact. The whole thing was done so eleverly that I heard seasoned newspaper men say it was quite impossible to make a distinction between the chamber of commerce. Now isn't that putting it over in great style. You certainly have to hand it to our

NOW as regards this man Brennar It seems to be that labor should support him in the coming election. He was the kindest thing and most thotful. I mean as regards the convention. He had a headquarters, in Ottawa. A city 18 miles away from Streator. He was very useful to our leaders. He gave them considerable help and co-operation in running the convention. And not only that but furnished refreshments as The legislative committees and quite a few of your Chicago leaders hardly had to spend a cent for whisky. Mr. Brennan kept them quite cock-eyed all the time and they had a very good time. It was quite fortunate that this was so else who knows but what that ple political question would have n discussed on the convention been discussed

(Continued on page 2.)

BESIEGING THF

Movement for Break with Britain Is Growing

(Special to The Dally Worker) PEKING, China, Sept., 24 — The city of Wu Chang, still in the hands of Wu Pel Fu is closely invested by the Cantoness who hope to force surrender by slege, parieys having falled.

The anti-British movement is gre ing and sentiment is developing for a complete rupture of economic relations between China and the empire.

Political sections are now organized Political sections are now organized in the armies of the Kominchun and the Koumintang to cohsolidate the national forces and educate the personnel of the armies. General Feng has been appointed the Koumintang representative of the national armies.

Cantonese Near Shanghal.

The Cantonese troops are now within 250 miles of Shantung. As the provinces of Fukien and Chekiang were preparing to walk into the Can-tonese camp, bringing their cutlery tonese camp, bringing their cuttery with them, the imperialist powers show real alarm and are mobilizing available war vessels on the Chinese

Great Britain is rushing war craft Great Britain is rushing war craft from far fung possessions to Chinese waters. There are well-authenticated reports that Japan is in no mood to come to Britain's assistance and the United States is playing togsum.

Eight units of Britain's Mediterranean fleet, guarding the road to India are today ploughing the Red Sea on the way to the Orient.

Chuan Is Hard Pressed.

Marshal Sun Chuan-fang, command-

Marshal Sun Chuan-fang, command-ing the lower Yangtze area, is looking for a quiet place to run to. Chuan

the workers of Shanghai went on general strike against the imperialists, asked for a loan of \$250,000 from the Cantonese government and

Marshal Chang Tso-lin is throwing up earthworks around Peking, with one eye to the advance of General Feng, from Kalgan and another on the southern armies. Chang is chopping off heads of mutinous soldiers and it is believed here that when either of the two national armies come within gunshot of Chang's troops they will walk out on him.

British Government Worried.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—Nothing less than consternation prevails in government circles over the situation in China. The cotton interests have the cotton interest have the cotton interests have the cotton interests have the cotton interests have the cotton interests have the cotton interest have the c

This intelligence is however, believ ed to be for American cons with the object of getting the United States into loggerheads with Tokio and forcing the latter into common action with Britain or else inducing the United States to back up Britain against China

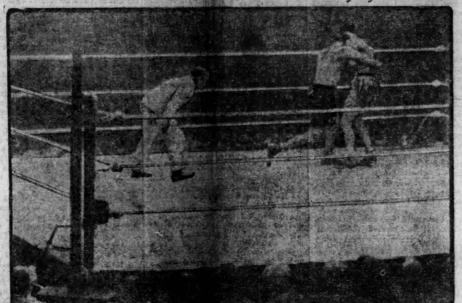
U. S. ADMIRAL ACTS AS FORCED ARBITER IN NICARAGUAN WAR

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, Sept. 24 .- The government and revolutionary force es of Nicaragua yesterday signed 13-day armistice in order to negoti ate peace terms. Rear Admiral J. T.

partment today.

All disputes will be subject to arbitration by Latimer, who was sent to Bluefields to act as peace Hostilities in Nicaragua when the armistice was maker.

132,000 People Paid \$2,000,000 to Sit in a Drenching Rain And Watch This Farcical Contest Won Only by the Gamblers



Here is a ringside photo of the "big fight" transmitted over the wire by telapix. It shows Tunney hugging the which neither man was off his feet. Tunney easily won the

Jack Lait Says Gamblers Won Philly Bout

Jack Lait, famous sport writer, sizes up the Philadelphia bonanza battle in the accompanying article written for The DAILY WORKER, a few revealing sentences of which are:

"It took no sharpshooter to cell the turn it required no referee or meticulously chosen judges. Before Jack Dempsey, the killer of old, had dragged his listless and lifeless carcass half way across the soggy ring at the clang of the opening gong, it was a foregone cinch. The man was unfit to fight."

And of Tunney: "The first good heavyweight that meets Tunney will beat him. Munn, Han-Persson—not to say Wills—would swallow him like an oyster."
"Anyway, the bookies paid off on him."

By JACK LAIT, Special Ringside Correspondent,

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PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 24.—The shell of what was once a great champion has paid that toll which the proverb says must be served to youth. Jack Dempsey, who, at his worst can always a solution of the sequi-centennial bold forth against the conquering of the sequi-centennial stadium Thursday to one Gene Tunney, who, the is the champion, will never be a champion.

The heavyweight title, proudly owned by Sullivan, Corbett, Fitzsimmons, Jeffries, has indeed fallen into a low estate in the stewardship of the intellectual Tunney. At least three men The neavyweight title, proudly owned by Sullivan, Corbett, Fitzsimmons, Jennes, deed fallen into a low estate in the stewardship of the intellectual Tunney. At least the Shanghai are preparing a big celebration for the "army of liberation" as they call the Cantonese. Recently the workers of Shanghai are preparing a big celebration (Continued on page 2)

INVOKES RIGHT OF REFUGE FOR **FASCIST PREY**

Vacirca Faces Death If

been bringing pressure to bear on the Italian parliament and friend and

Ordered deported from New York because his temporary permit to visit this country has expired, Vacirca has appeared with counsel before the board of review of the immigration bureau in Washington and has shown that he is now a man without citi zenship in his native land and likely to be murdered by the fascisti at the orders of Mussolini if he is sent back there.

His own statement of his situation

Citizen of No Country.

"I have no legal right to go any where as I do not belong to any country. The United States is condered by me as my second coun ry. My children, two girls 9 and 10 years old respectively, are native American citizens. In the name of the right that any man has to live omewhere, I ask to be granted the and children until a change will eliminate the present persecutions and named a committee of ministers and a new government will restore to carry on the negotiations.

The cabinet also unanimously approved the Official Gazette of the Italian cityen.

The Official Gazette of the Italian cityen. government, of April 7, 1926 is

(Continued on page 2)

SACCO, VANZETTI Report Many **Dead in Race**

IN LAST STAND

Charge Department of

Justice Involved

(Special to The Dally Worker)

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 24.—Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti have made their final motion for a new

trial. Hearing of affidavits and argu-ments on the motion occurred before original Trial Judge Webster Thayer

now has the case under advisement.

ng evidence implicating the Mo

Department of Justice Disclosure.

Besides the confession and support

as the real criminals, the most start-

partment of justice agents. Fred J.

Weyand, now working for Maine's at-

torney-general, and Lawrence Lether man, employed by Beacon Trust Co.

both swear that department of justice

agents took an important part in fram-ing up Sacco and Vanzetti on the mur-

der charge because they could not get

sufficient evidence against these two Italian workers as radicals to deport

Weyand insists that the Boston of

fice of the department of justice has

(Continued on page 2)

at Dedham courthouse.

MIAMI, Sept. 24. — At 1:45 o'clock this afternoon, all police and details of militiamen were rushing to the Negro section of WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—(FP)— Miami, where a race war was re-

the murdered deputy in the section where the trouble Matteoti in the editorship of a newspaper in Italy, has invoked the right of refuge in free America. was reported. A cordon of police and militiamen was thrown around the northwest section of and militiamen was thrown around the northwest section of the city. Authorities declined to reveal the cause of the reported outbreak.

Police later reported that two ling disclosures of the defense were contained in affidavits of former deailors, detailed here an special service, had been shot and wounded during the disturbance, having entered the Negro section in viola tion of restrictions.

At two o'clock the situation was officially reported well in hand, but other unconfirmed advices stated many were killed.

Franco-German Pact Approved by Cabinet

German delegation at the league as-sembly in Geneva.

ARRESTED ON **WAY TO HALI** United Fight Pledged Amalgamation Urged

600 STRIKERS

By SYLVAN A. POLLACK.

NEW YORK CITY, Sept. 24. Twenty-five thousand striking cloak makers and other workers jammed New Madison Square Garden to show their opposition to the latest attempt of the bosses to smash the cloak-makers strike by means of an injunc-tion and adopt a defiant resolution pledging themselves to united strug-gle against it.

600 workers were arrested on their way to the meeting. 400 were nabbed in one clip at 7th Ave. and 30th St. They were strikers who had been meeting in Webster Hall, 11th St. and

Speaker after speaker urged the 40,000 striking cloakmakers to stand solid and continue their struggle in spite of the new means adopted by the bosses to smash the strike.

Zimmerman Opens. Charles S. Zimmerman the chairman, in opening the meeting declared:
"We are on strike for twelve weeks
and declare today that we will not accept forced arbitration. Only the
cloakmakers themselves can improve

Zimmerman read a note from ave cloakmakers in the tombs prison which read: "Will meet you on the picket line on our release. No sentence will prevent us from fighting for our rights."

way to the picket line was assaulted and beaten up by Special Officer Miller and Officer Zober, the son of Police Chief Zober.

"On this same day Cardeld police beat up Anna Soyko, 116 Ray Street; Garfield. When she was released has heir conditions.

Schlossberg Wants Amalgamation. Joseph Schlossberg, general secretary of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' of America, said in part: "Greetings and congratulations from the Amalgamated Clothing Workers!
"You workers are out to win. If the bosses think injunction will help them

to win they have not learned anything from the history of past strikes. Elect Labor Judges,

"I look forward to the day when all organized workers in the needle trades who find themselves in the same boat as far as the bosses are concerned will unite themselves into one big body of needle trades workers, thous ands strong to take up their collective problems and deal with them collecively and when that day comes, and I hope it comes before long, we will fight together on the industrial and the political field. Then we will elect labor judges instead of bosses' judges."

Gold Challenges A. C. W. Officials.

Ben Gold, manager of the New York Joint Board of the Furriers' Union, who recently lead the successful strike of 12,000 furriers in New York City said. "If the Amalgamated leaders are so sincere in their statements let the cloakmakers give a call for a general strike and then we will see who will be the first ones to come out. We, the furriers will be the first ones to answer."

Eurory Stente 25,000 Workers Attend Anti-Injunction Meet PASSAIC POLICE U. T. W. LEADERS

Arrest and Torture Strike Officials

(Local 1. U. T. W., Press Service)

PASSAIC, N. J., Sept. 24. — Accusing the police in the strike area of starting another reign of terror in their efforts to break the big textile strike, the strike committee of Pas-saic Local No. 1,603, U. T. W. of A., issued the following statement today:

"This morning the police effort was oncentrated against our leaders. That the police are using the arrest of a non-striker charged with throwing bombs, and the third degree confession extorted from him in their re-newed efforts to break the strike is proven by the unwarranted arrests this morning of Gustav Deak, chairman of the strike committee of the local, and others connected with the leadership of the strike.

"Yesterday the police arrested three picket line leaders: Joseph Bellani, Tom Regan and Tom Winick. These men were brutally beaten up before and after they were bundled into the patrol wagon. Bellani was later charged with being implicated in the third degree confession wrung from the non-striker arrested yesterday morning on the charge of having thrown a bomb in Clifton

Teddy Timachko, a 17-year old

striker was beaten up this morning.

Beat Woman—Frame Strikers.

"Monday morning Peter Idez, of 73 Hope Avenue, Passaic, while on his way to the picket line was assaulted and beaten up by Special Officer Mil-ler and Officer Zober, the son of Police

arms and legs were blue and so from the beating she received

"Peter Maksontz, 148 Ray Street Garfield, was arrested and beaten up Saturday while standing on the corner of Morris and Jewell Street, Garfield The police held him on the "identifi-cation" of one girl, and beat him up again at the station.

"In each case, the arrested strikers were threatened with beatings unless they went back to

work.
"The union strenuously protests these police efforts to frame the strike leaders and break our strike. The union emphatically denies that any of its members had any part whatsoever in the bomb outrage. All im partial observers and investigators are agreed that the violence in the strike has been on the part of the police

Brave Druse Women Inspire Countrymen

JERUSALEM, Sept. 24.-Surrounded by women who fight beside her with as much effectiveness as men. Umholo Haider, 50-year-old mother of one of the rebel Druse leaders, is causing French troops much trouble because of her power to rally the tribesmen together. While the mother heads her band of women fighters. her son is in charge of another group Get a copy of the American Worker of rebels fighting in the mountains

KEEP IT AND BUILD IT!

BY ARNE SWABECK.

our Daily Paper is propertly appreciated, it will succeed, it will strengthen itself and it will grow in influence. files of correspondence between the porters to take it up and build.

agents' charge. His assistant, Harold awaken and then The DAILY WORK-Williams, is now United States district ER will fully come into its own.

No other place in the country does DAILY a paper appear in the English lan-guage consistently taking the position most pressing task.

of fighting for all the interests of the OUR DAILY WORKER has lately rank and file workers. To those who shown signs of marked improvement. It has assumed more of the heavy industries and today remain character of a mass labor paper. It's unorganized, as well as those who importance can perhaps now not fully have enrolled in the ranks of the recognized by its supporters and trade unions, The DAILY WORKER sympathizers. However, should it fail, can become much more of a center the rejoicing in the enemy's camp when it is brought to the attention of ould strike this fact home with ter- all those workers that it is the only blie effect.

Yet as long as the importance of fights for their needs.

All the workers who are now acquainted with The DAILY WORKER should more than in the past submit The improvement of our DAILY is their grievances thru the columns of there. The next step is for the supporters to take it up and build. BERLIN, Sept. 24.— The German cabinet, sitting today under Chancellor Marx, approved Herr Stresemann's negotiations with M. Briand, for a Franco-German rapprochement in general, but also the center of the movement which expresses militancy in the class strugmann's negotiations with M. Briand, for a Franco-German rapprochement in the control of the movement it is columns, to order bundles to dismore than a militant tradition. There are signs that this tradition will remore than a militant tradition will remore than a militant tradition will remore than a militant tradition. There
more than a militant tradition will remore than a militant tradition. There
more than a militant tradition will remore than a militant tradition. There
more than a militant tradition will remore tha the center established. Proceeding this way, we will not only keep The DAILY WORKER, but we will build

NEW RULINGS IN DISTRICT **AID OPERATORS**

Cappelini's Sham Battle with Bosses

ARTICLE THREE

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 23—The experience of the miners of District under the Cappellini regime shows that there is more than one way of breaking down the working condi-

In some instances, officials simply refuse or neglect to take up and fight violations of the agreement. The com-panies then are able, thru establishing recedents, to continue contract vio ations such as refusal to pay for ock work, timbering, etc.

But the operators also can be favor ed and miners' conditions made worse ductions increased without ad-onal pay, by TAKING UP CER-TAIN CASES. All previous officials of District 1 have carefully refrained com trying to secure decisions on re-trictions of output by the miners, mowing that no contract ever negoed has contained a clause allowing his, and believing, quite correctly, hat any attempt to argue such cases M result in a decision against the

Restriction of Output."

But one of Pres. Cappellini's first dealt with restriction of outcases dealt with restriction of our-put. He lost the case—as he doubtless expected he would and the speed-up system of the operators is bulwarked now by a legal conference decision. Another case which brought a de-

feat and a much greater demand up-on the coal diggers, because of Cap-pelling's policy, was that dealing with "topping" (the technical term for coal ove the side boards of the car). In this case, President Cappel-Whi made an issue of the demands of the company for air inch topping, written into the agreement in cold type, and, of course, was beaten, and had another precedent established which the operators now take the fulladvantage of.

More Coal For Operators.

What this means to the miners i easily understood when it is known that in order to have six inches of topping on a car at the breaker it is necessary to load from 12 to 24 inches of topping at the face due to the loss

The miners therefore, are loading from one-half to one ton more per car than they were before Cappellini "fought" these cases. As we said in the beginning there is more than one way of aiding the operators. It can be done just as well in some instances taking up cases, as by neglecting em. Cappellini's policy seems to abody both of these features.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—(FP) that it will make a fight against his ecratic opponent, former Senator terene, Senator Willis of Ohio an ed at the White House that his election will be an endorsement of chidge by the voters of Ohio.

PICTURES OF PASSAIC STRIKE TO BE SHOWN IN CHICAGO SEPT. 29

Or Priday, October 29, at the and Van Buren Streets, will be shown for the first time, the ploture of the Passale strike. The ploture depicts the struggles of the 18,000 textile workers against the O textile workers against the owners of Passalo and Includes all phases of strike and relief ac-The film is being shown the auspices of the Chicago Relief Conference for the Passaid ra. The committee requests that all sympathetic organizations make no conflicting arrangements for that date.

THE CLOWN BELOW IS THE IMPERIAL WIZARD OF THE KU KLUX KLANNERS



Dr. Evans is the peculiarly garbed gentleman above as he looked on the ceasion of the recent Klan Klonvoca

Condylis Withdraws from the Leadership of Greek Government

ATHENS, Sept. 24. - Gen. Condylis today announced his withdrawal from the premiership. He will be a candi-date in the nearing parliamentary elec-

It is believed here that Gen. Condyover the defense of the republican conducting "poisonous propaganda regime in case it is menaced by the among the working classes, in parregime in case it is menaced by the hopes of the monarchists, and also to be able to defend the system of proportional representation. The majority of his cabinet will not take part in the elections, so the ministry now simply becomes a business cabinet. Gen, Condylis said today: "I repeat my former declaration that in case of the restoration of the monarchy all

Forke Canada's New **Immigration Minister**

TORONTO, Ont., Sept. 25-Robert Forke, Progressive leader and member elect of parliament, has accepted the immigration ministry in the Mackenzie King cabinet. His entry means a definite fusion in Canada of the low tariff Liberal and Progressive forces. editorial is too vile for translation Prime Minister Meighen and his into English. It was after similar deconservative cabinet did not resign as nunciations of Matteoti and the lib-

Arrest Military to Halt Persian Crisis

TEHERAN, Sept. 24.-Many of the military, gendarmerie and police of-ficers, as well as civilians, have been arrested and charged with plotting against Shah Rhiza Khan Pahlevi. Martial law will be enforced again.

Texas Heat Kills Two.

CORPUS CHRISTI, Tex., Sept. 22.

Two men died near here today from heart attacks, the result of a heat wave which has brought the thermometer to 100½, the highest in 39 years, according to weather bureau



Donations

Keep the Daily Worker!

N. J. REVEREND SCORES BOSSES' STRIKE ACTIONS

Assails Brutality of Passaic Police

PASSAIC, N. J., Sept. 24 .- Declaring that there are two Passaics, one clean tree-lined, with luxurious homes; the other dirty, with narrow streets, dark miserable homes, the Rev. Norman W. Pendleton, pastor of the Rutherford congregational church, Rutherford, in his sermon last evening scored the mill owners for their cold-hearted attitude towards their workers and criti-cized the protestant churches for the unworthy part they have played in the big strike, Assails Police,

Rev. Pendleton told his congregation he had seen with his own eyes the unnecessary brutality of the police and had watched the strikers

acefully picketing the mills:
"I have watched the strikers mare at a snail's pace, along the sidewalks; many of them boys and girls, singing their songs of 'Brotherhood and Soli darity,' harmless as a Sunday school

"I have watched the unnecessary brutality of uniformed officials. I lis tened to the Rev. John Hayes Holmes make an eloquent plea for the triumpl of true Americanism and the vindica tion of constitutional rights, and sav a nervous sheriff lose self-control and make himself foolish. And thru it all I have marvelled at the power of these people to hold themselves in, to hold their peace, when it would seem that there was almost evident purpose to drive them to violence."

INVOKES RIGHT OF REFUGE FOR FASCIST PREY

(Continued from page 1) published a solemn decree signed by King Victor Emmanuel and Mussolin and Federzoni, denouncing Vacires It is believed here that Gen. Condy-as a defamer and slanderer of Italy lis desires to remain free to watch and the existing government, and as ticular among our colonies of emi grants" against the institutions of

which Mussolini is the head. It describes Vacirca as a "re in New York," and declares inflicted upon him the loss of his Italian citi-zenship and the confiscation of his property in Italy.

Mussolini's Brother Incites Murder. With the original copy of this de cree Vacirca presented to the board an editorial published by the "Popolo D' Itallia," a fascist organ founded by Mussolini and edited by his brother inciting the fascisti to hang Vacirca to a lamp post as a traitor because of his anti-fascist activities in Switzerland

and the United States.

The language used in denouncing the socialist deputy in this Mussolini eral editor, Amendola, had been published in the fascist press that those two leaders were deliberately mur-

Vacirca's History.

Vacirca filed with the review board a statement of his struggle for Italian liberty. Born in Italy 40 years ago he lived in the United States from 1912 to 1919, marrying here in 1915. On his return to Italy in 1919 he was immediately elected to parliament for the Bologna district and two years later from the Siracusa district. He held various local offices

In 1921 the fascisti began their attempts to kill him. In four towns they shot at him and on one occasion was ransacked, his wife beaten, and they were both ordered to leave the town under pain of death. In Sira-Send The DAILY WORKER cusa, Catania, Bologna, Casenza and other cities he was pursued, menac ed and insulted and compelled to fiee. When in January, 1924, he asked for a passport for himself and wife Mussolini personally refused ot, and they escaped to Switzerland without passports. The American consul in Zurich gave them temporary papers of identification, and Vacirca came to New York in May, 1925. His family joined him later. He has lectured and edited the anti-fascist daily "Nuovo

Mundo" in New York City. Since he has no passport and no citizenship, the Italian socialist deputy cannot travel. If deported by the United States to Switzerland, the Swiss may surrender him to Mussolini

Albert Kuhne. Chicago, III. 1.00
S. Zollinger, Chicago, III. 1.00

1153 W. Madison St., Chloage.

Send Additional \$1,000 for Miner Children

BOMB EXPLADES IN HANDS OF WORKER: MUNITIONS **FACTORY IS WRECKED**

LISBON, Sept. 24.-The Ribalon-LISBON, Sept. 24.—The Ribalonga munitions factory was partly destroyed, a neighboring church was wrecked and several persons were injured today when a workman in the munitions factory exploded a bomb which he was manufacturing. The workman who escaped all injury was placed under arrest.

HEARST DRIVER DELIVERS SHORT. SNAPPY SPEECH

When He Quit Talking Newsie Quit Selling

"If I catch you selling papers be-ween eight o'clock and the time the

tween eight o'clock and the time the building shows up, you don't get any more 'Americans.'"

This monologue took place at the corner of Halsted and Madison streets at six o'clock in the evening Dempsey and Tunney caressed each other for the ten rounds. The author of the speaking part was a short, wiry fellow with a red sweater.

He was a driver for the Hearst Evening American and the butt of his remarks was a meek newspaper ven-dor who expected a landoffice business cajoling pedestrians into reading "all about the big fight." In expectation of big business the impresario of the newstand called out his whole family.

wiry lad was Benito Mussolini in dis-

guise.

A sickly laugh was the reply.

It appears that something went wrong with the Hearst service on the bout and that this was the method to square things with their competitors.

For the benefit of uninitiated the "bulldog" mentioned in the first paragraph is the first edition of the morning papers.

ng papers.

Curious way to build up circulation! And is it surprising that you don't see The DAILY WORKER on all news-

WILDWOOD, N. J. Sept. 24.-The

F. Hilfers, its secretary for 17 years, replacing him with Hugh V. Reilly of

the Newark machinists. Reilly gain-

ed his support from the carpenters iron workers and the Hudson county

The legislative committee of the New Jersey state federation of la-

bor was instructed by the Wildwood

convention to prepare a bill amending the 1913 law to provide for a 44-hour

week for state, county and municipal

1926, has proven a joker and of no advantage to New Jersey organized la

bill hoping for a gain against injune

New York authority committee. Brandle, Hudson county union head

delegation besides his own.

N. J. UNIONISTS

JACK LAIT SAYS GAMBLERS WON **DEMPSEY-TUNNEY FIGHT IN PHILLY**

(Continued from page 1)

(Continued from page 1)

The lamb slew the butcher, yes. But it was an active, vigorous lamb and a weary, sagging old butcher who showed upon a face that once was famous for its perfect delineation of the fighting man, a careworn and tor tured expression.

"Experts" Off.

The "experts" Who said that Dempsey was in the pink of fighting condition should wash their mouths with soap. This veteran reporter, who has taken in every important boxing match of his period, and that ranges back a few years, has never seen a sorrier defender of a title since that pitiful afternoon in Reno, when Jim Jeffries staggered forth to do battle with Johnson.

Dempsey Unfit.

It took no sharpshooter to call the turn. It required no referee or meticulously chosen judges. Before Jack Dempsey, the killer of old, had dragged his listless and lifeless carcass half way across the soggy ring at the claing of the opening gong, it was a foregone cinch. The man was unfit to fight. No contender in history ever got the break that Tunney did—weighing 185 pounds, a defensive boxer, a so-so hitter and a 3-to-1 outsider, catching the champion of champions in such a situation and coming out the ing 185 pounds, a defensive boxer, a so-so hitter and a 3-to-1 outsider, catching the champion of champions in such a situation and coming out the

nonarch of pugilism.

The whole business was off key. Fancy a heavyweight king, who drew 132,000 people and \$2,000,000 never being introduced, and the alleged aspirant not even rising to take a bow when his name was called.

It Was Raining.

It was raining. Tex Rickard had taken his pitcher to the well once too newstand called out his whole family.

Newsle Kept His Head.

"This goes for Dally News and everything else" the red sweatered fellow continued, without any attempt at diplomacy. A big pile of Dally News almost brought tears from the newsmonger's eyes, but he thot it better to lose a few dollars in profits than lose a week in bed so he agreed to accept the ultimatum.

Thinking it peculiar that a driver should be clothed with such dictatorial powers, The DAILY WORKER reporter approached the humble newswendor, after the driver was at a safe distance and inquired whether the wiry lad was Benito Mussolini in dis-

indeed, he had, for more than two

Tunney Nervous.

Tunney was as nervous as a bride, sparring, backing, boxing until it dawned on him that he was roped in with a phantom, a shadow without Even then he never assumed the ag

gressive, except in the last two rounds, when he had the championship in his hand and should have taken no chances.

An astoundingly stuped fighter is this Tunney. He won every round

SACCO, VANZETTI IN LOST STAND

(Continue from Page 1) convention of the New Jersey State or disprove the assertions of Weyand Federation of Labor defeated Henry and Letherman.

63 Affidavits

Sixty-three affidavits supported the defense motion; twenty-seven the state's opposition. The deposition of Celestine Madeiros, whose confession was the basis for the new trial motion, was read into the record, to-gether with certain correspondence Thompson deemed essential to show his stand thruout the preparation of

The Confession.

tructed to take up the question of obtaining more effective legislation for peaceful picketing. The picketing law that went into effect July 4, 1926, has proven a joker and of the picket and o menter. Sacco and Vanzetti were con-victed of first degree murder for this bor, although the unions backed the crime and have spent over five years in the shadow of the electric chair while their friends have carried on a momentous battle for their lives. M. Brandle's attack on the port of

Appealed to Butler.
Defense Counsel Thompson appealed to United States Attorney General Sar voring open shop employers with the contracts for certain building construction jobs. Ex-governor George S. Silzer is implicated in the contracts for certain building construction jobs. Ex-governor George S. Silzer is implicated in the contract of justice Silzer is implicated in the contract of the contract of justice Silzer is implicated in the contract of the co files. Neither Butler nor Sargent suc-ceeded in getting the information. Sargent did not even write an answer Silzer is implicated in the deal by Brandle. Contracts amounting to \$4,000,000 are involved. The 48th annual New Jersey state to Thompson's request, altho Thompson's request, although the request of the properties of the proper dorsement was answer to Silzer's statement that Brandle was not backed by organized labor. Brandle said committee.

Charlie Schwab Goes that the bidding was limited to firms unfair to labor and that "an examinaon Partial Strike; He

here today from Minneapolis.
"I have been working hard for more than 45 years, now," Schwab said, "and I want to drop all my work. I'm getting too old to work. "Right now, I'm working only two An additional \$1,000 check for the relief of British miner children is on way, sent by the international Workers' Ald from its headquarters at hours a day and I'm going to stop doing even that."

Tunney, a second-class defensive boxer, couldn't stay away from him. Dempsey kept leading, following, plunging in and missing a mile, and Tunney had to strike at him through a sense of shame. It would have been a sin not to hit him under the cir-

Dempsey scarcely laid a glove Tunney. The few times that he did connect, always at the start of a round, those blows which of old were enough to send the crowd home were steamless, spiritless and stingless. No power, no heart, no soul in them. Dempsey may have entered the ring with an honest desire and intention to win, but it failed him after the first counter punch that nailed him on his

Dempsey Weak.

After that he stalled, with an oc-casional sporadio flurry of going through the gestures of fighting.

The whole tragedy just showed

Dempsey never was much shucks against a fighter that kept moving, and Tunney did that—he kept moving, and Tunney did that—he kept moving, mostly backward but still kept moving. Jack loves them big, anchored and flat-footed. Tunney is none of these. He made a sucker out of our Jack, being made to order for the job.

The first good heavyweight that meets Tunney will beat him. At best he is one of the better lighter heavymen, no matter what his weight. Munn Hanson, Persson—not to say Wills—

Hanson, Persson—not to say Wills—would swallow him like an oyster. And he is the heavyweight champion to-

SPANISH DICTATOR IS AGAIN FACED WITH AN OFFICERS' COUP D'ETAT



General Primo de Rivera, dictato of Spain is reported to have developed sharp differences with King Alphonso in whose behalf a new junta artillery officers is said to be on the war path against the directorate government whose head is Rivera,

WCFL Radio Program

Chicago Federation of Labor radio broadcasting station WCFL is on the air with regular programs. It is broadcasting on a 491.5 wave length from the Municipal Pier.

TONIGHT. 6:00 p. m.-Chicago Federation of Labor

6:00 p. m.—unidage research talks and bulletins.
6:15 to 6:30—Fable Lady—Steries for children.
6:30—The Florentine String Trio;
Val Sherman, Little Joe Warner, Hickey and Jehnson, Clinton Keithley.
9:00—Alamo Cafe Dance Oronestra,
11:00—Alamo Entertainers.

CURRENT EVENTS

By T. J. O'Flaherty.

floor. It would have been most dis-agreeable and as it is—thanks to Mr. Brennan—nothing was said and now our great electorate can march to the polls and vote its mind.

OUR old friend Parley Christensem had some supporters there slee. They were very naive. They felt sure that the convention should reverse its traditional policy and condemn both Smith and Brennan and endorse Parley because it is a policy of all the money Smith and Brennan and endorse Parley himself. In view of all the money Mr. Insuli has spent it would have been most ungrateful for Mr. Walker to have allowed this to happen. And as I have said, with the able assistance of Mr. Brennan, it did not take place. And about our old side-kick. Parley. I saw him last night at the Morrison, and he had on knickers. I sak you what has labor in common Morrison, and he had on shickers. I ask you what has labor in common with knickers. It seems to me that the Commonwealth Edison Co. and public utilities commission and the like are much nearer labor. I feel that the labor leaders are right.

BUT what I have said about on

BUT what I have said about our leaders cannot be said, I am sorry to put down, about the city of Streator. Its accommodations for the delegates was quite inadequate. There were dances and that sort of thing and liquor a-plenty, but as one married man from Peoria said to me: "There isn't a decent whore in the town." It's no wonder the delegates voted to go to East St. Louis next year.

BUT on the whole the convention was a huge success. Not a boss in America could possibly be offended at what we did. They even kept that Farrington matter off the floor, too. And you know there were delegates there who thought a resolution should be passed condemning Farrington's action as a sort of threat to leaders in the future. And that, of course, would have been most disastrous. How are we going to attract real men to our movement if we deny them the opportunity to pass from our organizations. tunity to pass from our organization into more highly paid professions. action that ne stated, with an occasional sporado flurry of going through the gestures of fighting.

The whole tragedy just showed again that being a champion spoils a good fighter, and keeping out of the ring kills a champion.

Demostrate was much shudes

Furriers Tie the Tin Can to Jack Millstein

The election of Irving Israelson, progressive candidate for business agent in the Furrier's Union was reaffirmed by the tabulating committee after the defeated candidate, Jack Millstein contested the count. The final tally stood: 150 for Millstein and 164 for Israelson.

Chief Fight Against Milistein. The progressives waged their prin-ipal fight against Millstein and sevday.

ANYWAY, THE BOOKIES PAID
OFF ON HIM.
WM4N Hosehit or horshrdl omfwyp

SPANISH DICTATOR IS

Cipal ngm against amaginet and wingeral offices went to the right wingera. The progressives will have a
majority on the executive committee
if the tie between Alex Skolnik, progressive and Morris Liberman, reactionary for the fourth place is won by
the former

The DAILY WORKER was incom rectly informed yesterday that 61 new members voted whose names were not on the ledger. From the same authority we learn that 61 new members voted who had just been initiated and have not yet paid dues. Most of these were not on the ledger.

Russian I. L. D. Branch Gives Concert Oct. 3

The Russian branch of International prisoners on Sunday Oct. 3 at Walsh's hall, Noble and Milwaukee Ave. A very interesting program has been arranged some of the participants of which for several reasons have asked that their names be given no publicity. The concert will start at 6:30 p. m

There will be speakers in both English and Russian. Admission in advance is 50 cents, at the door, 75 cents. Tickets are for sale at the Workers' House 1902 W. Division St. the Russian Co-operative Restaurant, The DAILY WORKER office, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., the local office of the I. L. D., 23 So. Lincoln St., and by all members of the Russian branch. et your tickets in advance.

ITALIANS THROWING LITTLE PARTY TONIGHT; YOU ARE GIVEN INVITE

would like to meet a group of Ita-llans who are anxious to enter the squared circle with Gene Tunney and Jack Dempsey, preparatory to knocking Benito Mussolini into the Tiber are invited to attend a banquet and dance under the auspices of the Ariti-Fascist Alliance of North America at 2450 South Oakley Ave-

nue tonight.
Luigi Candola secretary of the Chicago branch who conveyed the information to the Daily Worker says that admission will be free. We presume you will pay for the eats. That an interesting evening is always on tap where the feir daughters and volatile sons of its-ly congregate need not be stressed. See you tenight. Time 8.30 P. M.

Workers (Communist) Party

PETITION CAMPAIGN FOR CHICAGO W. P. CANDIDATES NEEDS MORE PEP

The drive for collection of signa-tures to put Chicago Workers Party candidates on the ballot has brought some results thus far, but there still is quite a way to go to put the candidates over. Following are the num-ber of signatures needed: 7th Congr. Dist.—Candidate S. T.

The drive for collection of signatures to put Chicago Workers Party candidates on the ballot has brought some results thus far, but there still is quite a way to go to put the candidates over. Following are the number of signatures needed:

7th Congr. Dist.—Candidate S. T.
Hammersmark, 3,500.

6th Congr. Dist.—Candidate Mathidak Kalousek, 2,500.

1st Congr. Dist.—Candidate Elizabeth Griffin, 1,000.

Candidate for U. S. Senator from

Activization Units Are Party Builders

W. P. Election Campaign Tours

ERS?"

H. M. Wicks.

The New England states are the territory which H. M. Wicks, well-known labor speaker and candidate for governor of Pennsylvania, is covering the state of the st

ritory which H. M. Wicks, well-known labor speaker and candidate for governor of Pennsylvania, is covering in a September election campaign tour.

Comrade Wicks, who is speaking on "What Can the Workers Expect From the Elections?" will be at Lowell, Mass., today and from there to other cities in Massachusetts according to this list:

SPRINGFIELD—Monday, Sept. 27.
HOYLOKE—Tuesday, Sept. 28.
PITTSFIELD—Wednesday, Sept. 29.
DAILY WORKER.

SEMINARY TAILORS

CLEANERS & DYERS

Pressing—Repairing—Remodeling

Hats cleaned and blocked-Shoe Shining Parlor-Laundry

812-14 Fullerton Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Parties."

BY ARNE SWABECK.

Following the successful conference held by the Workers (Communist) Party, District 8, on August 29th and to carry out effectively the plans laid down there, the Party Activization Group was organized two weeks ago. Good results of its work can already be noted.

During the month of September, althonot yet past, the number of applications for membership in the party have almost doubled that of any previous month since the reorganization. Nuclei are showing signs of increased activities. Over \$600 has been collected by the Activization Group for the party campaign, while the coal miners have responded splendidly to the new progressive movement developing thruout the union.

Starting out modestly, the group Starting out modestly, the group-made its beginning with about 25-members participating. However, all pledged themselves to show a real example of activity and by their examples increase activities in the units. They were ready to take up any work assigned to them. The first began by visiting party units, sit in at their meetings, take note of the

Bertram D. Wolfe.

"Who Owns the Government?" This is the subject of the campaign talks of

Bertram D. Wolfe, director of the New York Workers' School and candidate for congressman on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, who is now fouring the western part of the coun-try. Comrade Wolfe's tour is:

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Co-operative Hall, 2706 Brooklyn Ave., Sept. 25.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—Sept. 26.

PORTLAND, Ore.-Sept. 29 ASTORIA, Ore.-Sept. 30.

ASTORIA, Ore.—Sept. 30.
TACOMA, Wash.—Oct. 1.
MT. VERNON, Wash.—Oct. 2.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Oct. 3.
SPOKANE, Wash.—Oct. 5.
MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Oct. 3.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Oct. 9.

Rebecca Grecht.

Rebecca Grecht, who is covering the

state of Ohio in the September elec-tion campaign tour, will speak at Akron Ohio today Sept. 25. Her

subject is: "What Can Workers Expect from the Elections?" Her list of meetings is as follows:

FITCHBURG—Saturday, Sept. 25. GARDNER—Sunday, Sept. 26. SPRINGFIELD—Monday, Sept. 27.

AKRON, O.—Sept. 25. ERIE, Pa.—Sept. 26.

this list:

ty, always engage in its campaign of struggles for better conditions of the workers. While the tempo and methods of our campaigns change accordingly to the existing objective conditions making rapid advances possible when labor actively engages in struggles, it likewise necessitates tightening and strengthening of the ranks in the party when labor is inactive and anathy arevalls.

active and apathy prevails. To attain the greatest possible re-sults in our campaign is the immedi-ate objective of the group. In other words, to establish uniform leadership in the active work. The work of the Activization Group is systematized The members get a valuable training as organizers. They learn of the dif-ficulties and short-comings of the units. The group is based on the principle of continual and gradual ex-tension, to week by week draw in more and more comrades to this ac-tive circle until it slowly becomes a movement of mass activity extending itself to the nuclei, forming similar groups there and finally embrace the whole live section of the party and thus becomes transferred to the units themselves.

their meetings, take note of the needs of the unit and help along in the work explaining not only the purpose of our activities, but the methods. The Activization Group proceeded on the theory of no matter what objective obstacles may exist, Communists never lose courage of the par-

Ben Gitlow

Ben Gillow, who is well-known to the workers of this country as a mili-tant fighter in the ranks of labor, be-

gins his big election campaign tour under the banner of the Workers Communist Party with a meeting in New Haven on September 29. Work-

ers in cities all over the country

ers in cities all over the country— Comrade Gitlow's tour will take him all the way from New Haven to Mil-waukee—will have the opportunity of hearing the 1924 vice-presidential can-didate of the Workers Party and its present gubernatorial candidate in New York on WHAT CAN THE

New York on: "WHAT CAN THE ELECTIONS DO FOR THE WORK-

The complete tour follows: NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Sept. 29.

BOSTON, Mass.—Sept. 30.
WORCESTER, Mass.—Oct. 1.
ROCHESTER, N. 17.—Oct. 2.
BUFFALO, N. 7.—Oct. 3.
CLEVELAND, Ohio—Oct. 4.

CLEVELAND, Onlo—Oct. 4.
DETROIT, Mich.—Oct. 5.
CHICAGO, III.—Oct. 6.
MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Oct. 10.
TOLEDO, Onlo—Oct. 11.
PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Oct. 12.

BALTIMORE, Md.—Oct. 13. PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Oct. 14

Special Meeting Bronx Section.

That worker next door to you

WORKERS PARTY ENTERS CANDIDATES IN STATE **ELECTIONS THIS YEAR**

In a number of states nominations have been filed by petition while in others the petition campaign is still in progress to place Workers (Com-munist) Party candidates officially on the ballots.

Nominations officially filed: Michigan.

Michigan—The following candi-dates will appear officially on the ballot in the primary elections to be held Tuesday, September 14:

Governor, William Reynolds. Congress, 13th District, William Congress, 1st Dist., Harry Klah-

Congress, 9th District, Daniel C.

Pennsylvania.

Pennsylvania—The following were the candidates nominated: Governor, H. M. Wicke. Lieutenant-Governor, Parthenia

Secretary of Internal Affaire, Max

United States Senator, E. J. Cary. State Legislature, first district, Ernest Careathers and Anna Wels-

Second District. Mike Blaskovitz

and Celia Paransky.
For Congress.
Seventh District, Margaret Yeager.
Eighth District, Susie Kendra and

Ninth District, William P. Mikades Thirty Fourth District, Sam Shore. State Senator, William Schmidt.

Colorado.

Governor, William Dietrich. United States Senator, James A.

Secretary of State, Nelson Dewey

Superintendent of Public Instruc tion, Helena Dietrich. State Auditor, O. McSwain.

Massachusetts.

Governor, Lewis Marks. Lieut. Governor, Albert Oddie. U. S. Sen-ator, John J. Ballam. Treasurer, Winfield A. Dwyer, Auditor, Emma P. Hutshins. Attorney General, Max Lerner. Secretary of State, Harry J. Canter.

Ohio.

Canton, Stark County State Senator, 41st District, Carl Guillod. State Assemblyman, 21st Disrict, Peter Pichier.

FARMER-LABOR PARTY CANDI-DATES SUPPORTED BY THE WORKERS PARTY:

OHIO

Allen County
Judge of the Court of Common
Pleas, Edwin Blank. Representative to the General Assembly, Corbin N. Shook. Sheriff, B. K. Mo-Kercher. County Auditor, C. E. Thompkins. County Commissioner, Karl W. Frey. County Treasurer, Frank Clay. County Recorder, L. L. Landis. Prosecuting Attorney, Carl B. Blank. Clerk of the Courts, Robert J. Kelley. WASHINGTON

J. L. Freeman, candidate United States senate of the Farmer-Labor

PETITION CAMPAIGNS IN PROGRESS TO PUT THESE CAN-DIDATES ON THE BALLOTS:

Illinois.

J. Louis Engdahl, candidate for United States Senator from Illinois. S. Hammersmark, for congress-nan from 7th congressional district. Mathilda Kalousek, congresswoman for 6th congressional district. Elizabeth Griffin, congresswoman for 1st congressional district.

New York.

Governor, Benjamin Gitlow, Lieutenant Governor, Franklin P. Brill. Attorney General, Arthur 8. Leeds. State Comptroller, Juliet Stuart

Assembly 6th District, Benjamin Lifschitz. Assembly 8th District, Rebecca Grecht, Assembly 17th Dis-trict, Julius Codkind. Assembly 18th District, Abraham Markoff. Congress 13th District, Charles Krumbein. Congress 14th District, Alexander Trachtenberg. Congress 20th District, William W. Weinstone. Senate 14th District, Elmer T. Alli-

(Bronx)
Assembly 3rd Dist., Ellas Marks. Assembly 4th District, Isldore Steinzer. Assembly 5th District, Charles Zimmerman, Assembly 7th District Joseph Boruchowitz. Congress 23rd District, Moissaye J. Olgin.

(Brooklyn)
Assembly 6th District, George
Primoff. Assembly 14th District,
Samuel Nesin. Assembly 23rd Distric, Fannie Warshafsky. Congress
10th District, Bertram D. Wolfe. Senate 7th District, Morris Rosen.

Connecticut. Governor, William MacKenzle. Lieut. Governor, Edward Mrasko.

Comptroller, John Gombos. Sec'y. of State, Jane H. Feldman. Treas. H. Wolfson.

UNITED TEXTILE WORKERS' MEET ELECTS McMAHON'S MACHINE BUT PASSES PROGRESSIVE MEASURES

NEW YORK CITY, Sept. 24 .- The convention of the United Textile Workers just closed elected the following officers: Thomas F. McMahon president; James Starr, vice-president; Sara A. Conboy, secretary-treasurer. Nine elected on the exceutive committee were: Tobias Hall of Philadelphia, John Hanley, George Hayes of Paterson, John Powers of Providence, John Campus of Fall River, Carl Holderman of Passaic, Alex McKeown of Philadelphia, Joseph Busek of Salem, Mass., and Joseph Piscs of Utica

Support Willimantle,
In support of the heroic strikers of Willimantle, who have been out for 18 months, some 50 families living in a tent colony provided by the union, the convention authorized an appeal for TRADES STR

convention authorized an appeal for relief the same as for Passaic.

Two Good Resolutions.

The convention adopted a resolution favoring amalgamation of the separate crafts to conform to the need for a more powerful union as industrial development necessitates. Also a resolution for the organization of the unorganized was adopted unanimously.

ganized was adopted unanimously.

Sacred Contract Helps Scab Mills.

Some delegates raised the question of the union's official organ running scab advertisements, but McMahon escaped with a poor excuse about the sacred contract with the Passale mills which he had lived up to. No vote of record was taken on this.

Machine Satisfied.

The whole tone of the convention was reactionary and the McMahon-Conboy machine feels that it is firmly entrenched as a result of the convention endorsing their policies. One change in the constitution aimed at the Communists, undoubtedly, was adopted in Section 8, Article 25, by adding a section to keep out "undestrables."

The next convention is scheduled to take place in New York on September 13, 1928, two years from now

FIFTH AVENUE **FASHION SHOPS** TO SEE STRIKE

Tailors and Furriers Fight Rich Bosses

(Special to The Dally Worker) (Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, Sept. 24.—The
fashionable gentlemen of New York
who buy their clothes in 20 leading
tailoring establishments along Fifth
avenue will for the first time see
their tailors on strike next Monday
unless an eleventh-hour settlement is
made.

Bosses Will Fight.

Fifteen hundred members of the
Journeymen Tailors' Union and the
Furriers who work in the society
shopping zone have failed in efforts to

shopping zone have falled in efforts to get the bosses of these high class cus-tom talloring houses to grant their demands. The bosses say they will light the union to the limit. The contract expires Saturday and the strike will be on Monday. Try to Organize Women.

Efforts are to be made by the union tailors to organize the girls and women dressmakers who work in the shops that furnish the silks, sating and fur creations to the fashionable capitalist society of New York. If this is done it will be the first time Fifth avenue has witnessed such a strike. The Tailors' Union tried to get union conditions for these unor ganized workers, and this is point on which the emproyers fused to negotiate.

fused to negotiate.

Union Demands.

The demands of the union are for a 40-hour week, a 10 per cent wage increase, guarantee of 44 weeks of work during the year, a provision governing discharges and a limit of overtime to five hours a week.

The girls who do dressmaking get extremely low wages.

Rochester Labor in Effort for Passaic

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 24 .-Leaders of the Rochester labor move-ment are members of a committee to presentation to the board and the assist in raising relief for the striking | teachers assist in raising relief for the striking textile workers of Passaic, as the re-sult of a meeting last night at Car-penters' Hall, No. 113 North Fitzhugh street. With over 100 representatives of labor organizations present, the following were elected to take charge of relief work: Chairman, William A. Dennison,

business agent of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union; secretary, Sol Hor-witz; treasurer, Frank Harnett, business agent of the Plumbers' and Steamfitters' Union; executive com-mittee, C. F. McNaughton; Frank Wilson, president of the Plasterers' and Bricklayers' Union; Edward McIn-tyre; John Flynn, president of the Central Trades and Labor Council; Rev. L. R. Plank, Mrs. Esther Webman and Miss Belle Rudin.

speeches by Ella Reeve Bloor, relief field organizer, and Tessie Burke and John Windish, two strikers from Passaic, who told of conditions in the mills and the wage cuts which precipitated the strike.

Florida Mail to Resume. WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—Mail ser-ice conditions in Florida will be nor mal within the next three days, Acting Postmaster General Bartlett today predicted after receipt of advices from postoffice inspectors in the

TRADES STRIKE IN CLEVELAND

Open Shop Movement on the Offensive

CLEVELAND, Sept. 24. - A new trike of the building workers is threatened in Cleveland. Six hundred and fifty building workers on the Ohio Bell Telephone building, com prising carpenters, electricians, iron workers, etc., have gone out on strike because the contractors sent four no union painters to work on the job. There was nothing left for the unions to do but call the men off.

Big Open-Shop Drive.

This is not at all remarkable when one considers that the painters' and glaziers' strike, which was called off a few weeks ago, resulted in a complete fiasco for the men. The Citizens' Committee, which has been formed with a fund of \$5,000,000 at their disposal to fight the union, is again functioning and believes that the situation is such that they can move more militantly against the building trades, which are the best organized in Cleveland.

This undoubtedly is preliminary to the preparations of the contractors, backed by the bankers and chamber of commerce, for the strike of the car penters, which is bound to occur or May I next year, when the agreement terminates. The Citizens' Committee is bent upon destroying the union and believes that the present moment is the most opportune, since the unions showed no resistance when they established the first to fight the unions. tablished the fund to fight the unions

Fight First, Laugh Afterwards. To ridicule the Citizens' Committee and its fund may be the method of some of the building trades leaders, especially of Charles Smith, the business representative of the building trades, but it would be far better if these men would recognize facts and face them squarely and prepare to meet the assault of the bosses.

If these preparations are not made, when the carpenters make their demands with the threat of backing them up with a strike, the contractor backed by the Citizens' Committee the so-called "bubble" of Charli the so-called "bubble" of Char Smith will laugh them out of court.

TEACHERS FLAY DISMISSALS BY SCHOOL BOARD

Protest Meeting Will Be Held Next Week

In protest against the Chicago school board's retrenchment plan at the expense of the teachers, the staff of the Lindblom High School held a meeting to protest against the board's action in dismissing teachers, thus breaking an agreement,

An Increase in Pupils.

The new policy of the school boar calls for an increase from 33 to 35 pupils per teacher in the high schools It is estimated that about 200 teacher will be hit by the new ruling.

A general mass meeting will be held a week from next Saturday, when a

Bayonne Labor Helps Passaic Strike Aid

BAYONNE, N. J., Sept. 24.—At a special meeting last night of the Ukrainian Workingmen's Association Branch 167, it was decided to call a meeting of all Ukrainian societies of Bayonne and vicinity for the purpose of organizing strike relief for the 16,000 striking textile workers of Pas-

John Melnick, labor leader, was elected to head the committee which was formed to make arrangements for the conference. The proposed confer files Belle Rudin.
Election of the committee followed finding of means to give financial and moral aid to the Passaic strikers, Mel-nick asserts in his appeal to the various Ukrainian organizations, pointing out that the Passalc strike and fight for better living conditions is the fight of the working class as a whole

> GINSBERG'S Vegetarian Restaurant 2324-26 Brooklyn Avenue, LOS ANGELES, CAL.



Bunny went back to Beach City, to face a trial of the same sort. Grandma did not cry out or faint, she just went up to her studio room and locked the door and did not appear, even for meals. When Bunny was ready to go, he went and knocked on the door, and Grandma let him into her laboratory of paints and oils and high art. Her face was drawn but grim, and only her withered red eyelids gave her away. "Little boy," she said—he was still that to her, he would never grow up-'little boy, you are a victim of the old men's crimes. That means nothing to you now, but remember it, and some day, long after I'm gone, you'll understand."

She kissed him without a sound, and he stole out, with tears running down his cheeks and feeling somehow as if he himself were committing a crime. He felt still more that way when, a week later, he received a telegram saying that Grandma Ross had been found dead in bed. He got a three day leave to come home and attend the funeral, and had to say his good-byes to the rest of the family all over again.

The training camp was located in the south, a place of blazing sunshine and vigorous perspiration. It was crowded with boys from every part of the state, mostly high school and college fellows, with a sprinkling of others who had got into the officer class by having military experience. The sons of grape-growers and orange and walnut and peach and prune growers, of cowmen and lumbermen and business and professional men in the cities—Bunny wanted to know what they were like, and what they thought about life and love and the war. He drilled until his back ached and he studied, much the same as at school; but he lived in a tent and ate ravenously and grew in all directions.

Now and then he would explore the country with a compar ion, but keeping himself out of the sex adventures that occupied most of the army's free time. Here was a place where no bones were made about plain talk; your superiors took it for granted that when you went out of the camp you went to look for a woman and they told you what to do when you came back, and had a treatment-station where you lined up with the other fel-lows and made jokes about where you had been and what it had cost you. Bunny knew enough to realize that the women in the neighborhood of this camp who were open to adventures must be pretty well debauched after a year, so he had little interest in their glances or the trim silk-stockinged ankles they displayed.

He had made application for the artillery, but they assigned him to study "military transporation," because of his knowledge of oil. He took this quite innocently, never realizing that Dad with his wide-spreading influence might have put in a word. Dad with his wide-spreading influence might have put in a word. Dad was quietly determined that Bunny was not going across the sea, no, not if this man's war lasted another ten years. Bunny was going to be among those who had charge of the army's supplies of gasoline and oil, seeing that the various products were up to standard and were efficiently and promptly shipped. Who could say—perhaps he might be among those who would have the job of working out contracts, and might be able now and then to put in a good word for Ross Consolidated.

VII

The new deal was going through, and Dad wrote long letters telling of the progress—letters which Bunny was to return when he had studied them and not leave lying about in a tent. Also there were rumors in the papers and then more detailed accounts, designed to prepare the public for the launching of a huge enterprise. Late in the summer Bunny got a furlough and came home to get the latest news.

"Home" no longer meant Beach City; Dad had only been waiting till Bunny had got through with school, and now he had moved to another house. It was a palace in the fashionable part of Angel City, which he had leased through a real estate agent, for fifteen thousand a year. It was all pink stucco outside, with hedge plants trimmed to the shape of bells and balls like pawn-broker's signs. It had a wide veranda with swings hanging by brass chains and ferns planted in a row of huge sea shells and big plate glass windows that did not come open. Inside was furniture of a style called "mission oak," so heavy that you could hardly move it, but that was all right because Dad didn't want to move it, he would sit in any chair, wherever it happened to be, and the only place he expected comfort was in his den, where he had a huge old leather chair of his own and a store of cigars and map of the Paradise tract covering one whole wall. One thing more Dad had seen to, that Grandma's biggest paintings were hung in the dining-room, including the scandalous one of the Germans with their steins! The rest of the old lady's stuff, her easel and paints and a great stack of her lesser works, were boxed and stowed in the basement. Aunt Emma was now the mistress of the household, with Bertie as head critic when she was

On the desk in Dad's den was piled a stack of papers a foot high, relating to the new enterprise. He went over them one by one and explained the details. Ross Consolidated was going to be a seventy million dollar corporation and Dad was to have ten millions in bonds and preferred stock and another ten millions of common stock. Mr. Roscoe was to get the same for his Prospect Hill properties and those at Lobos River and the various bankers were to get five millions for their financing of the propect. The balance was to be a special class stock, twenty-five millions to be offered to the public, to finance the new development—one of the biggest refineries in the state and storage tanks and new pipe lines and a whole chain of service stations throughout Southern California. This stock was to be "non-voting," a wonderful new scheme which Dad explained to Bunny; the public was to put up its money and get a share tof the profits, but have nothing to say as to how the company was run. "We'll have no bunch of boobs butting in on our affairs," said Dad; "and nobody can raid us on the market and take away control.'

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the attempt was not a success. Haley Fiske discharged every in-surance agent that was active in organization work.

Haley Fiske talks of "ruling classes" in England and even uses the term "master class." Of course, the Metropolitan is a "big happy family" and the company is a "mother" to the agents. The kind of a mother that would eat her children for breakfast.

If the 15,000 agents of the Metropolitan Insurance company died to organize into a union, Haley Fiske would have a different ary. Our masters are very considerate as long as we remain meek

Women Workers and the British Communist Party

The response of British working women to the recruiting camga of the British Communist Party, a campaign which has brought in more than 5,000 new members, is one of the most encouraging ses of the struggle which entered a new period with the general

From typical reports of recruiting meetings in the industrial wicks published by The Workers Weekly, official organ of the British Communist Party, we learn that in some sections, Doncaster instance, 40 out of 60 new members are women.

These women are not following their husbands and fathers into the party, but are taking the lead in the recruiting meetings in exing the fatal weaknesses and cowardice of the reformist trade

on leaders and showing the men the way.

In Great Britain this development has the greatest significance. The struggle of the women for the franchise has been won only lately and is still surrounded with many restrictions. There is no tradition of women in politics in Great Britain; on the contrary, the traditional attitude is that of female subservience to the male.

A report of the conference of the British Trade Union Congres by Dorothy Gary, sent out by the Federated Press, shows that the trade union movement as a whole has not yet realized the importance of organizing women workers and encouraging initiative by them.

The most militant section of British women workers have realized apparently, as a result of the great struggles taking place in England, that the Communist Party, as in all other spheres of the class conflict, is in the lead with its program for mass participation of women side by side and on an equal basis with men in the battle of the working class.

In America our party must also redouble its efforts to enlist the women of the working class in the proletarian advance guard.

The Ball Is Over



As a French paper views the end of the Franco-American financial tango-Caillaux turns out the light.

aubscribe!

EDAILY WORKER "The New Leader" Makes a Second Mistake By Wm. F. Dunne

The C. P. S. U. and the **Opposition Block**

(Continued from previous issue)

IF we look at the matter with the eves of Comrada Preobrashensky and a number of other comrades who do not notice the difference between private capitalist economics and peas-antry economics, then it is only nat-ural that anxiety as to the limits to be observed appears to be entirely superfluous, since we deprive the pripossibly can and only permit his con possibly can and only permit to the future of the future. But we cannot adopt the same attitude towards the pursued by the C. O. is adapted to the future. But we cannot adopt the same attitude towards the pursued by the C. O. is adapted to the future of poor of the villages, as Comrade Preo-brashensky would like to do. This is not the right way to put the question. Theoretical standpoints such as this ead us to different conclusions, practical politics as in other things.

The opposition proposes: Sell as

dearly as possible. In selling goods at higher prices to the peasant, you are taking more from him. "Take more!" —this is the whole wisdom of the op-

LET us take a rough example. This much from the peasants as we are actually doing, and invest this in indus-try. But what would happen next year? Next year our agriculture would be worth nothing, we should have no raw materials, no cotton, no export grain, etc. At the same time industry receives an enormous influx of capital, everything which we can possibly squeeze out of the peasants. It would be nonsense to believe that

under such circumstances.

tentionally, but it serves to show at the maximum speed of development of our industry is by no means we take less today, we thereby pro-mote accumulation in agriculture, and insure for ourselves a greater demand omorrow for the products of our industry. If we secure higher gains for agriculture, this will enable us to take more hext year than we could last. We thus secure for ourselves a still greater increase of revenue for the following year, and this revenue we can employ in our industry. This policy naturally involves a somewhat

THE present controversy within the Communist Party of the Soviet Union is neither a sign—nor will it be the cause —of a retreat of the revolution. Quite the contrary. It is

olear indication of its victorious onward march.

To give a clear understanding as well of the present problems of the Russian Revolution as also of the controversy over the solution of these problems, we are publishing herewith a report made by Comrade Bucharin at the functionaries' meeting of the Leningrad organization of the Communist Party. The report speaks for itself and needs no further elucidation. It is clear and convincing and answers the lies about the retreat of the Russian Revolution.

dearly as possible. In selling goods at higher prices to the peasant, you are taking more from him. "Take more!" thus they constantly tend to fall into the middle peasant; they devote too little attention to the comrade of the opposition. The formulation iaid down by one of the comrade of the opposition, Comrade Ossovsky, in an article which we published as discussion articles in the "Bolshevik," consists of the statement that we are now taking less from the peasantry than the czar did. We should take more, and all the statement that we are now taking of the statement that we are now taking of the statement that we are now taking of the problem of the transformation. I have already made mention to be undergone in the economic of another article of his in the "Bolson's will vanish from among us. But we must not judge like this, not mere by because it would be inconsistent with our policy with respect to the peasants, but because it is incorrect from the standpoint of economic adaptedness to purpose, it is a naive flusion, a self-deception. It is ridiculous togsuppose that our industry could develop with maximum rapidity under such circumstances.

Question they have further failed to grasp the problem of the transformation. I have already made mention of another article of his in the "Bolshevik." in which he maintained that we should not by any means take less from the peasants than crarism and development, their guidance into so claikst methods thru the agency of the another article of his in the "Bolshevik." in which he maintained that we should not by any means take less from the peasants than crarism and development, their guidance into so claikst methods thru the agency of the another article of his in the "Bolshevik." in which he maintained that we should not by any means take less from the peasants than crarism and development, their guidance into so claikst methods thru the growing in dictatorship on the economics of the indicatorship on the economics of the peasants. This question, for you will well be able to grasp that the question. Have we a prolection of the character of our state power is to us the central question. Have we a prolection of the character of the peasants in an article of his in the "Bolshevik." in which he maintained that we should not by any means take less from the peasants than crarism and development, their guidance into so claiks methods thru the agency of the another article of his in the "Bolshevik." in which he anintained that we should not by any means take less from the peasants than c our discussion. It is expressed in various combinations, forms the basis of various differences, and remains one of those fundamental bones of contention between the great major-lity of the C. C. and the leaders of the

It would be nonsense to believe that this poincy of the projectarian dictators. The would because the more rapid speed possible in the development of industry; obviously the first result would be a narrowing down of our markets, an absence of buyers. HAVE chosen a rough example intentionally, but it serves to show at the maximum speed of developacter of our socialist industry which guaranteed by the maximum sum ex-tracted from the peasantry. The mat-ter is not so simple as all that. It tion, and now the character, the class character, of our Soviet power in our country is being questioned. This is another step in the development of the oppositional idea, another step awa from the true Leninist standpoint.

tellowing year, and this revenue we can employ in our industry. This policy naturally involves a somewhat slower rate of speed this year, but will be compensated later by a rapid rise in the curve of our development. But if we adopt the policy of the opposition, we fly to a high summit of capital investment during the first year, only to fall the more inevitably, and probably with a very abrupt drop.

peasantry as to the private capitalpeasantry as to the private capitalists. We cannot find a common
formula applicable adike to the middle peasant, the rich farmer, and the
poor of the villages, as Comrade Preobrashensky would like to do. This is
peed of progress of industry.

The policy recommended by
the opposition would not only plunge
the state, that it is no longer the state of
proletarian dictatorship, is gaining
continual ground in oppositional circles. It might be thought that this
speed of progress of industry.

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The policy recommended by
the opposition would not only plunge
continual ground in oppositional circles. It might be thought that this
speed of progress of industry. but would retard and destroy the speed of progress of industry.

Now to the third question, which I have already discussed in my positive consideration of the situation. The comrades of the opposition exaggerate most frightfully the differentiation within the peasantry and

tarian dictatorship or have we not? All other questions decidedly depend on this one, for if we have no proleevery obstacle hampering the realiza

He said that our state is not a work ers' state, but a workers' and peasants' state. It is only now, six years later, that it becomes comprehensible why Comrade Bukharin is by no means able to draw the conclusions rising from the fact that our state is no workers' state, but a workers' and peasants' state. The Lenin view of the workers' and peasants' state assumes a certain inevitable distance between this state nd the state consisting of the proletarlat and to a certain extent of the peasantry. The attempts to ig-nore the inevitable distance between the workers' and peasants' state and the proletariat are likely to be dis-astrous to the proletarian revolu-tion."

(Continued tomorrow.)

Japs Increase Fleet on the Yangste River

CANTON, China, Sept. 24. - The panese now have a fleet of thirteen warships in the Yangtse river, having recently added two gunboats to the

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